RTCA Special Committee 186, Working Group 5 ADS-B UAT MOPS

Meeting #3

Examination of Message Error Rates for UAT Uplink

Presented by Chris Moody and Jeff Giovino

SUMMARY

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Examination of Message Error Rates for UAT Uplink

Jeff Giovino, Chris Moody SC186 WG 5 April 2001



Objective/Background

- Determine the Message Error Rate requirement for the UAT General Purpose Uplink message
 - no documented requirements guidance as for ADS-B
 - guidance is needed to assess performance in the expected interference environment
- Lacking quantitative requirements, we make a qualitative assessment for graphical weather data as encoded for Capstone/SF21





Assumptions and Conditions for Assessment

- A single ground station is assigned 1 of the 32 available UAT Ground Uplink slots
- "APDUs" with encoded NEXRAD wx are packed into UAT uplink message payload
 - NEXRAD product extracted from national mosaic for 250 nmi radius of ground station
 - uses a run length encoding on a globally referenced grid matched to NEXRAD sensor resolution
 - entire product conveyed as a "loop" of APDUs transmitted over many uplink messages.
 - Mosaic updated at nominal 5 min rate at source





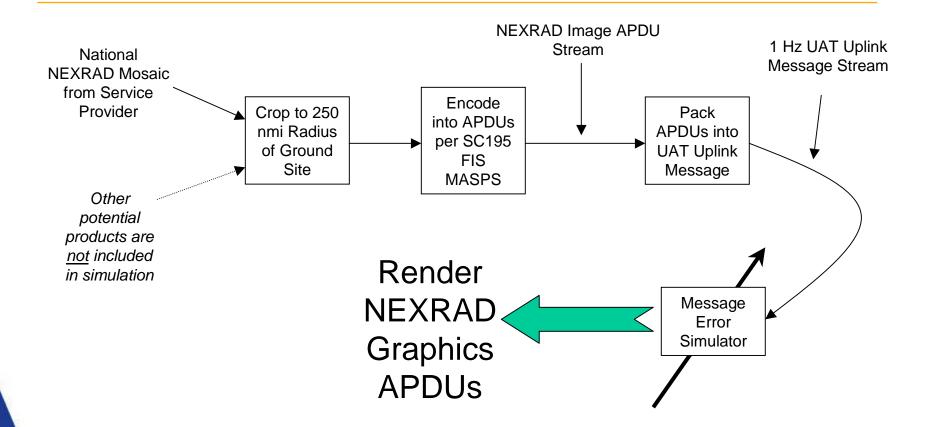
Assumptions and Conditions for Assessment (Concluded)

- Messages simulated convey only the NEXRAD precipitation image
 - no other types of APDUs (products) are part of this simulation
- Simulate random occurrence of errors in message uplink stream
- Compare rendered image under error conditions to baseline (perfect channel)
 - after first loop
 - after redundant second loop





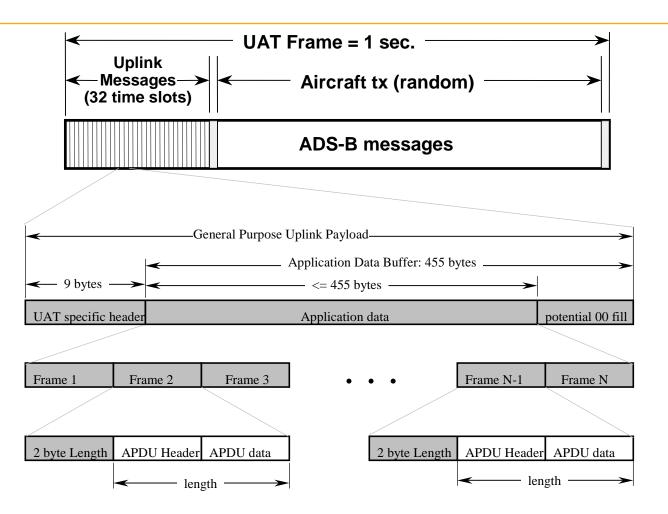
Uplink Process for Simulated MER Assessment







Uplink Elements and Hierarchy



Shaded boxes represent proposed scope of MOPS

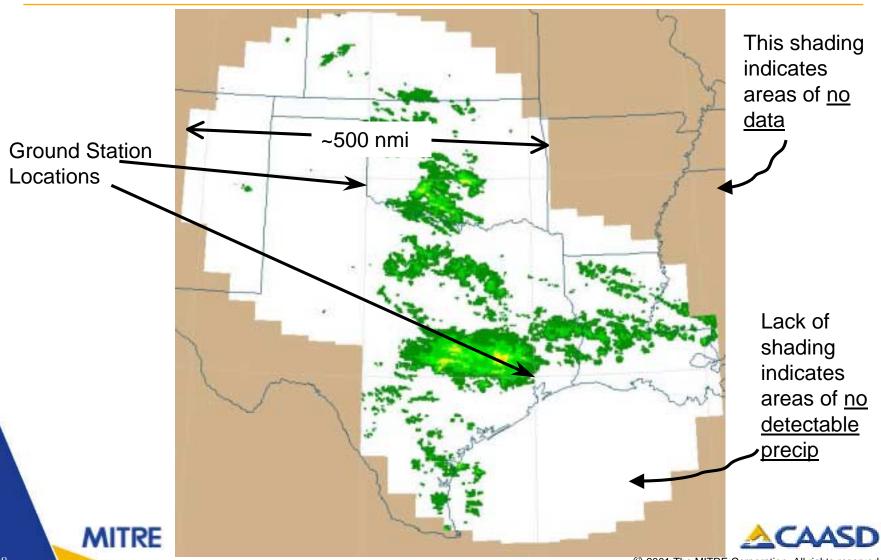




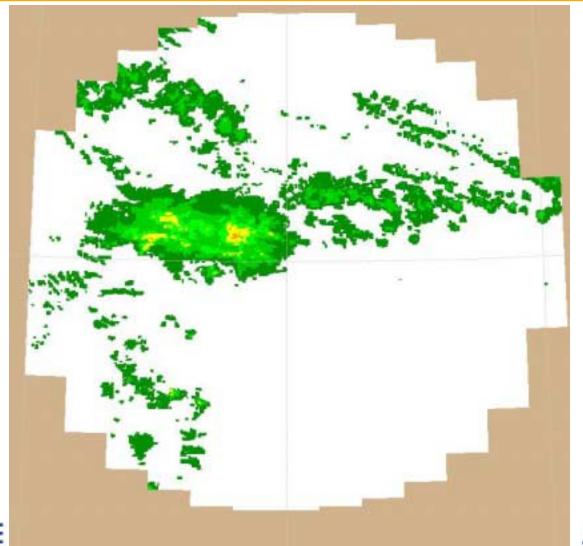
NEXRAD Composite Reflectivity: **National Mosaic**



National Mosaic Cropped for Uplink by 2 Example Ground Stations



Baseline Image from Single Ground Station (Perfect Channel)



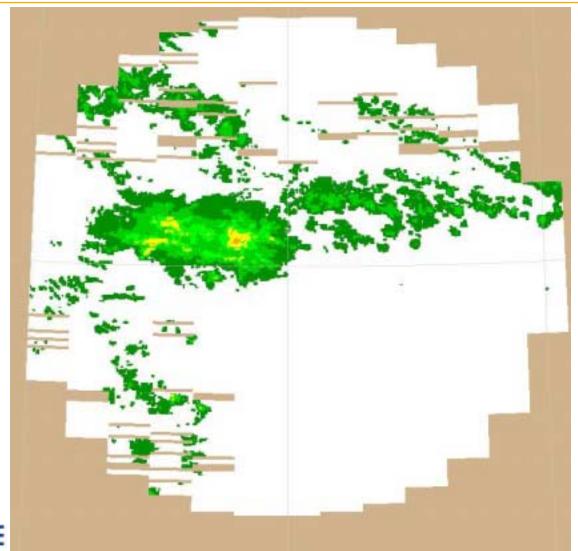
Baseline Image Statistics

- 37 UAT Uplink Messages required to convey this image (per loop).
- Average of 19 APDUs are packed into each Uplink Message (range: 10-39)
- Covers 250 nmi radius of ground station--gives reasonable "look ahead" to flight crew.
- Image is moderate complexity (related to storm size/intensity). More complex would require more Uplink Messages to complete the loop.



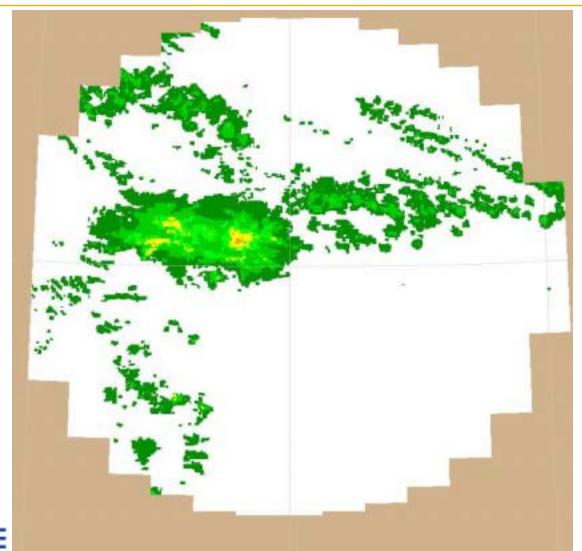


Rendered Image at 10% MER--after 1st Loop

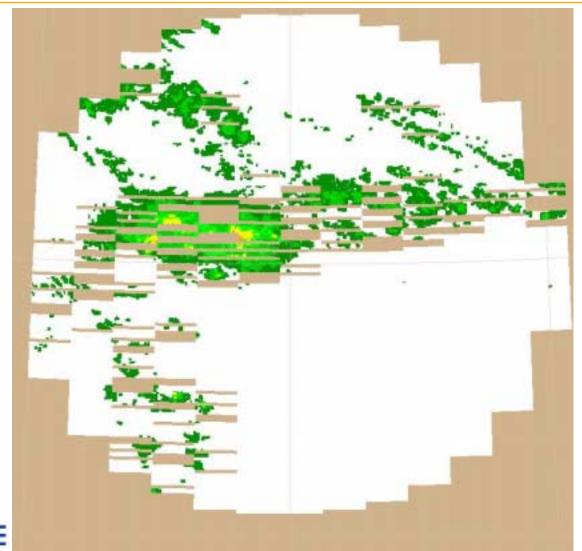




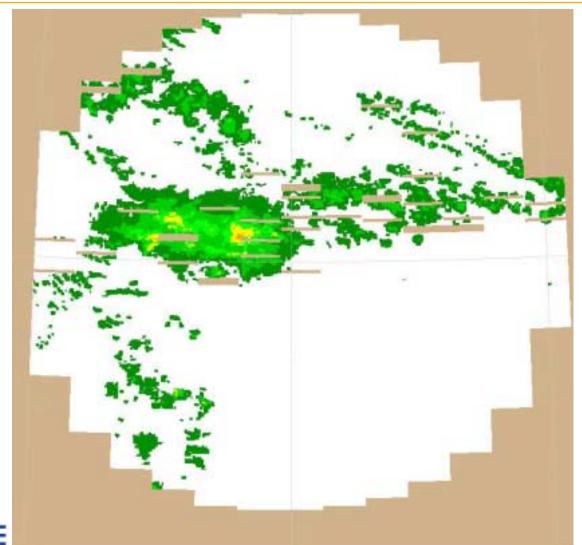
Rendered Image at 10% MER--after 2nd Redundant Loop



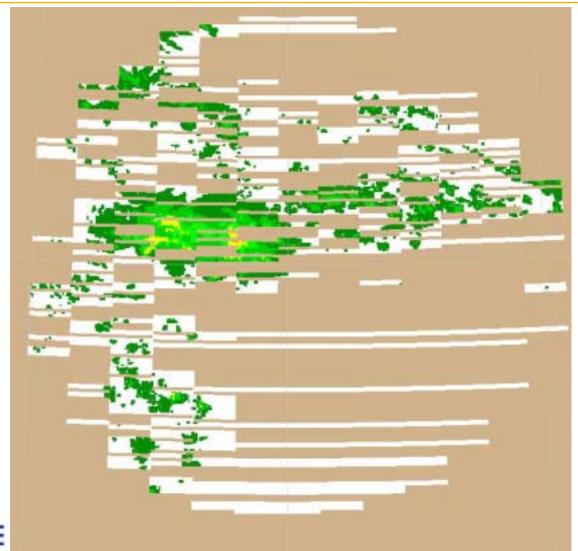
Rendered Image at 25% MER--after 1st Loop



Rendered Image at 25% MER--after 2nd Redundant Loop

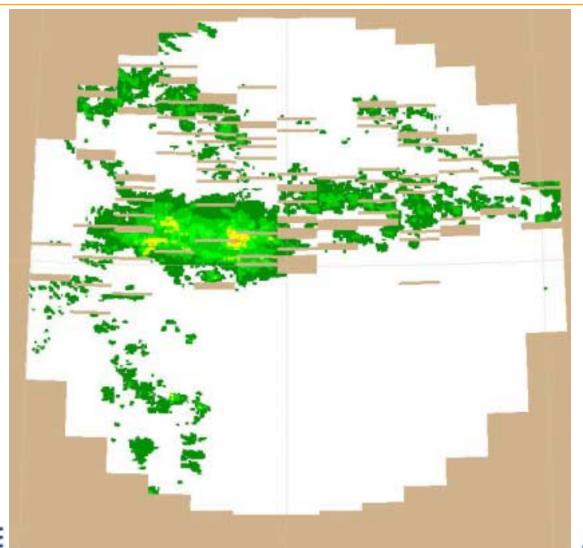


Rendered Image at 50% MER--after 1st Loop





Rendered Image at 50% MER--after 2nd Redundant Loop



Conclusions

- Loop repetitions can compensate for message errors--at expense of bandwidth that could be used for other products
- Based on this NEXRAD encoding procedure, MER greater than 10% will be noticeable, and MER greater than 25% could reduce pilot confidence in the system
- We have no idea what other products we may eventually want to uplink--so we should be careful not to set the bar too low!





Recommendation

- Planning for an Uplink MER of <u>around 10%</u> appears to be a prudent compromise:
 - allows for some interference tolerance
 - provides high quality/high confidence NEXRAD image
 - preserves capability for conveying future--potentially demanding--products/services using the UAT General Purpose Uplink Message



